

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Output Power

- 60 to 70 watts depending on model

Lead Soldering Temperature (10 sec per lead)

- 300°C

Storage Temperature Range (Case)

- -55°C to +125°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Input Voltage Range

- 19 to 40 VDC continuous (see Derating)

Case Operating Temperature (Tc)

- -40°C to +85°C full power

DERATING OUTPUT POWER/CURRENT AND INPUT VOLTAGE

Temperatures are referenced to the temperature at the converter's base-plate

- Linearly derate output power/current from 100% at 85°C to 0% at 125°C.
- Above 105°C linearly derate steady state input voltage to 33 volts at 125°C.
- Indefinite short circuit protection is not guaranteed above 85°C case.
- Operation below an input voltage of 19 volts, including operation in MIL-STD-704E emergency power conditions, is possible with derated output power. See Figures 10 and 11.

SYNC AND INHIBIT

Sync In (245 to 370 kHz.)

- Duty cycle 70% min, 98% max.
- Logic low 0.8V max
- Logic high 4.5 V min
- Referenced to input common
- If sync is not used, leave unconnected

Inhibit TTL Open Collector

- Logic low (output disabled)
Inhibit pin current 1 mA max
- Referenced to input common
- Logic high (output enabled)
 $V = \geq 4.5V$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient

- 150 ppm/°C, typical

Input to Output Capacitance

- 160 pF, typical

Isolation

- 100 megohm minimum at 500 V

Conversion Frequency

- Free run mode 245 kHz, typical

Inhibit Pin Voltage (unit enabled)

- 4.5 to 5.5 V

DC/DC CONVERTERS

HR700
SERIES
70 WATT

Electrical Characteristics: 25°C Tc, 28 VDC Vin, 100% load, free run, unless otherwise specified.

DUAL AND TRIPLE OUTPUT MODELS		HR702-2812			HR702-2815			HR703-28512			HR703-28515			UNITS	
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
OUTPUT VOLTAGE	FULL LOAD	MAIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.90	5.05	5.15	4.90	4.95	5.10	VDC
		DUAL	±11.75	±12	±12.25	±14.75	±15	±15.25	±11.50	±11.80	±12.10	±15.05	±15.30	±15.75	
OUTPUT CURRENT ^{1,2}	VIN = 19 TO 40	MAIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	4.0	10.0	—	4.0	10.0	A	
		DUAL	—	2.92	5.5	—	2.33	4.4	—	1.67	4.2	—	1.33		3.33
OUTPUT POWER ^{1,2}	MAIN		—	—	—	—	—	—	20	50	—	20	50	W	
	±DUAL		—	35	66.5	—	35	66.5	—	20	50	—	20		50
	TOTAL		—	—	70	—	—	70	—	—	60	—	—		60
OUTPUT RIPPLE	FULL LOAD BW ≤ 2 MHz	MAIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	50	100	—	50	100	mV p-p	
		DUAL	—	30	100	—	30	100	—	50	100	—	50		100
LINE REGULATION	VIN = 19 TO 40	MAIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	25	—	2	25	mV	
		DUAL	—	10	30	—	10	30	—	100	225	—	100		225
LOAD REGULATION ³	NO LOAD TO FULL	MAIN	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	30	—	5	30	mV	
		DUAL	—	25	50	—	25	50	—	300	600	—	300		600
CROSS REGULATION ⁴	DUAL +PO = 3 W TO 35 W -PO = 35 W		—	1.5	3.0	—	1.5	3.0	—	—	—	—	—	%	
	+PO = 20 W TO 50 W -PO = 50 W TO 20 W		—	2.0	4.0	—	2.0	3.5	—	—	—	—	—		
CROSS REGULATION ⁵	MAIN +PO = 33 W DUAL +PO = 3 W TO 27 W -PO = 27 W TO 3 W		—	—	—	—	—	—	2.3	6.0	—	2.3	5.0	%	
	MAIN +PO = 3 W TO 30 W DUAL ±PO = 15 W		—	—	—	—	—	—	5.4	9.0	—	5.0	7.0		
INPUT VOLTAGE		19	28	40	19	28	40	19	28	40	19	28	40	VDC	
INPUT CURRENT	NO LOAD	—	75	100	—	75	100	—	85	115	—	85	115	mA	
	INHIBITED	—	25	35	—	25	35	—	30	35	—	30	35		
INPUT REFL. RIPPLE	FULL LOAD BW ≤ 10 MHz	—	15	50	—	15	50	—	15	50	—	15	50	mA p-p	
EFFICIENCY		80	83	—	80	83	—	79	84	—	79	84	—	%	
STARTUP DELAY		—	15	25	—	15	25	—	6	10	—	6	10	ms	

Notes

- On dual output models the maximum combined output power is 70 watts. A maximum of 95% (66.5 W) is available from any single output.
- On triple output models the maximum combined output power is 60 watts. A maximum of 50 watts is available from a single output.
- Balanced loads
- Regulation effect on the negative dual output during the defined conditions.
- Regulation effect on both dual outputs during the defined conditions.

THERMAL MANAGEMENT

CALCULATING MAXIMUM AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

The HR700 Series of DC/DC converters has an upper operating temperature of + 85°C at the baseplate of the case. The degree of heat sinking required to remain within this limit may be determined from Figure 1 which shows the maximum allowed internal power dissipation (P_{DISS} vs. ambient temperature for various heat sink thermal resistances. P_{DISS} may be calculated as:

$$P_{DISS} = P_{OUT} / \text{efficiency} - P_{OUT}$$

The efficiency for all combinations of P_{OUT} and V_{IN} for the various models may be obtained from the graphs on the preceding pages.

Example: Converter = HR702-2815, $T_{AMB} = 70^\circ\text{C}$,

$$V_{IN} = 28 \text{ VDC}, P_{OUT} = 45 \text{ watts}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = 85\% \text{ (From Figure 7)}$$

$$P_{DISS} = (45 / 0.85) - 45 = 7.95 \text{ watts}$$

From Figure 1 we can see that this situation will require thermal resistance of approximately $4.5^\circ\text{C} / \text{watt}$.

Conversely we may also find the maximum ambient temperature which can be tolerated if we know the heat sink thermal resistance.

Example: Converter = HR701-2805, $V_{IN} = 28 \text{ VDC}$, $P_{OUT} = 45 \text{ W}$.

$$\text{Thermal Resistance} = 3^\circ\text{C} / \text{watt}$$

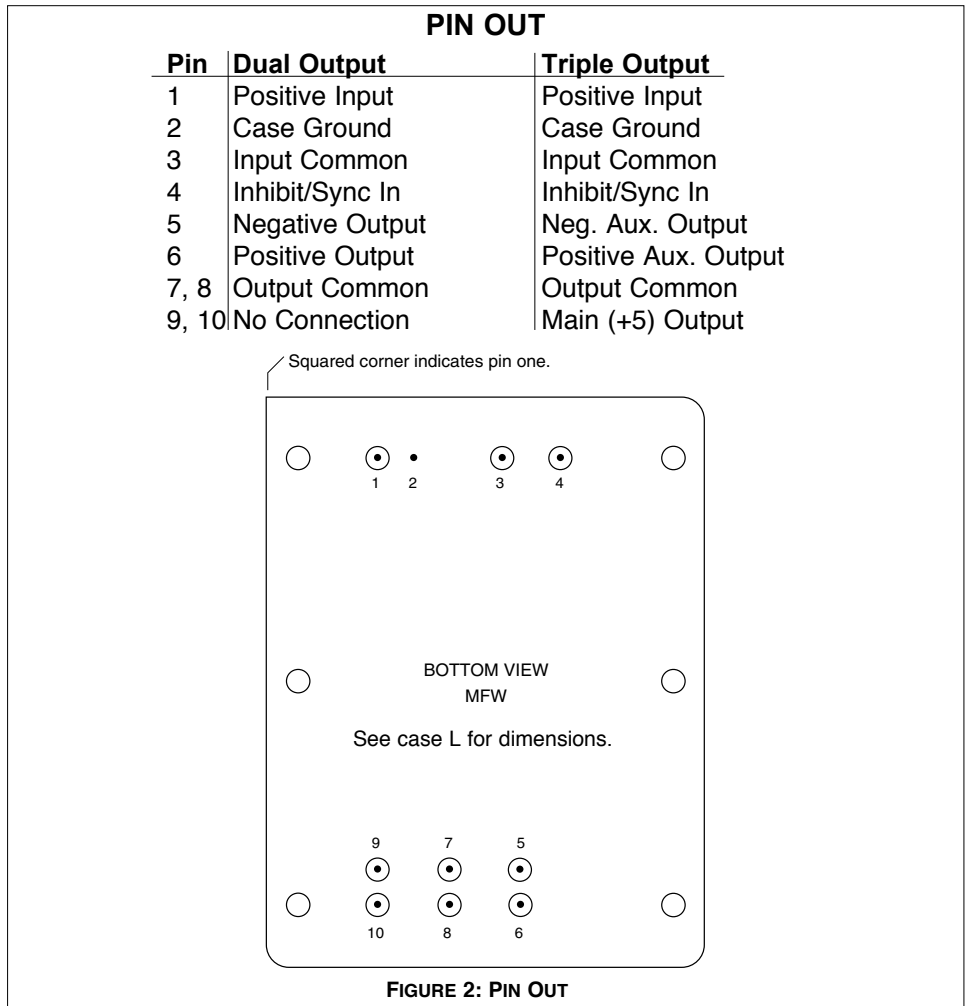
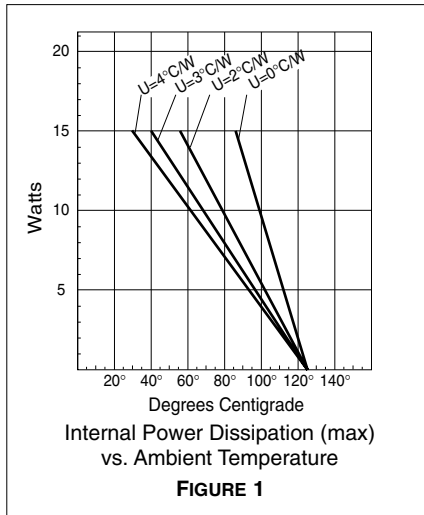
$$\text{Efficiency} = 83.5\% \text{ (From Figure 3)}$$

$$P_{DISS} = (45 / 0.835) - 45 = 8.89 \text{ watts}$$

From Figure 1 we can see that the maximum allowed ambient temperature is approximately 75°C .

HEAT SINK RECOMMENDATIONS

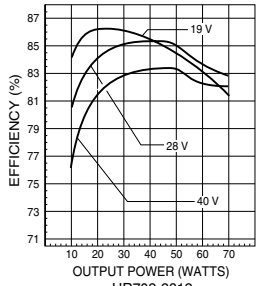
An MFW Series converter in still air (other than convective currents) and with no conductive cooling paths other than through electrical connections at the pins will exhibit a thermal resistance of approximately $4^\circ\text{C} / \text{watt}$. In cases where this value proves to be too high it is recommended that additional heat sinking be supplied. The simplest method of accomplishing this is to firmly attach the converter to a PCB thereby providing a conductive thermal path. Secondly it is recommended that airflow be provided over the converter. Although each situation requires a thorough thermal analysis these two measures can reduce the thermal resistance to as low as $2^\circ\text{C} / \text{watt}$. If calculations indicate further heat sinking is required it is recommended that additional thermal mass be provided either under the base plate or on top of the converter's mounting flanges or both.



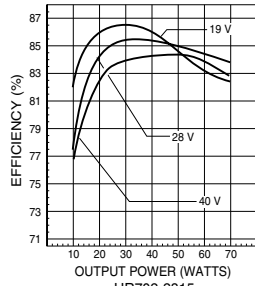
DC/DC CONVERTERS

HR700
SERIES
70 WATT

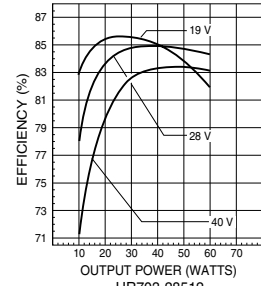
Typical Performance Curves: 25°C Tc , 28 VDC Vin, 100% load, free run, unless otherwise specified.



HR702-2812
EFFICIENCY VS. LINE & LOAD
FIGURE 3



HR702-2815
EFFICIENCY VS. LINE & LOAD
FIGURE 4



HR703-28512
EFFICIENCY VS. LINE & LOAD
FIGURE 5

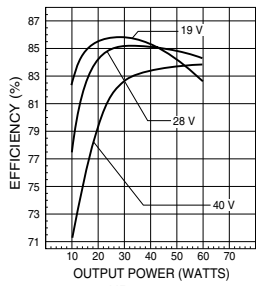


FIGURE 6

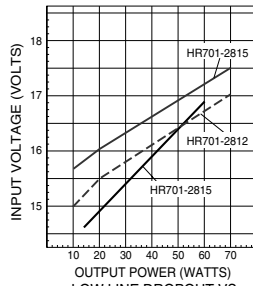


FIGURE 7

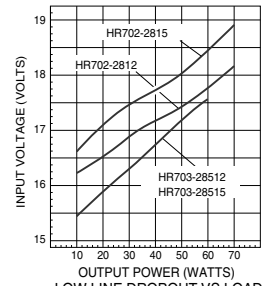
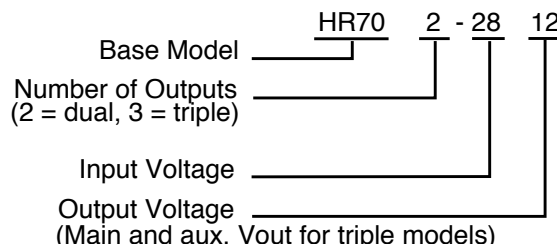
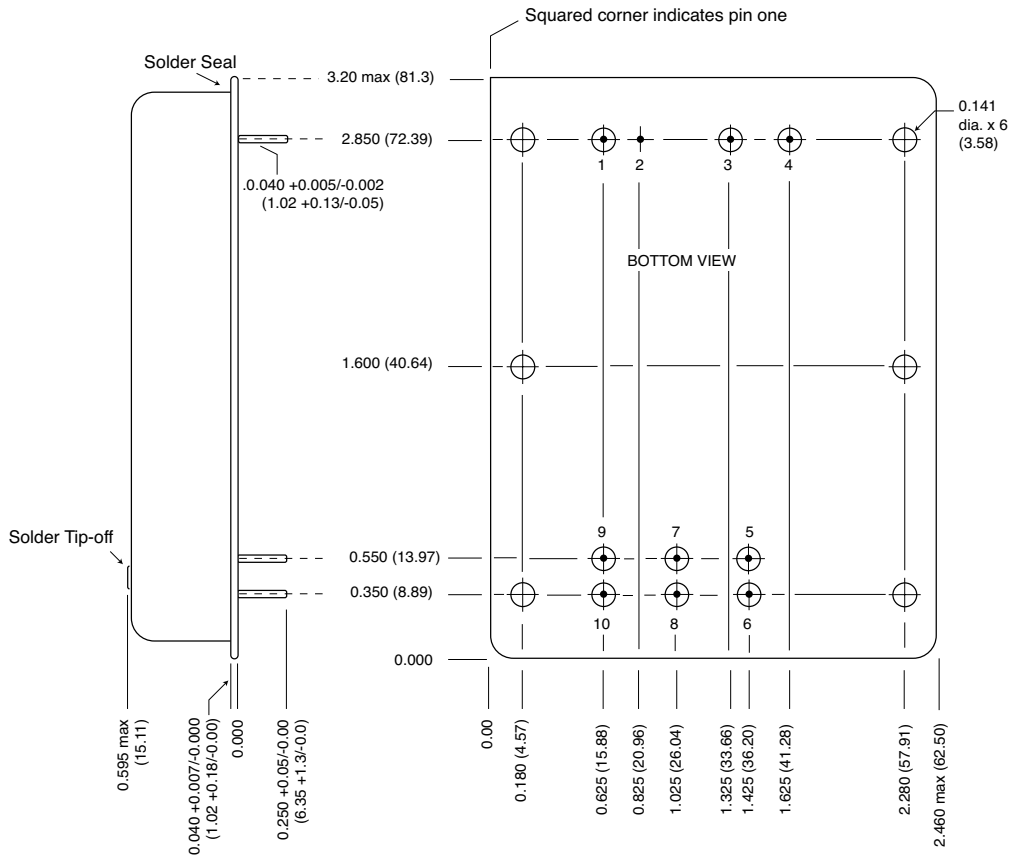


FIGURE 8

MODEL NUMBERING KEY



CASE L



Case dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerance ± 0.005 (0.13) for three decimal places
 ± 0.01 (0.3) for two decimal places
 unless otherwise specified

CAUTION

Heat from reflow or wave soldering may damage the device.
 Solder pins individually with heat application not exceeding 300°C for 10 seconds per pin

Materials

Header Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Tin
 Cover Cold Rolled Steel/Nickel/Tin
 Pins #52 alloy pins 1-4, and 9-10
 #52 alloy with copper core pins 5-8, ceramic seal

Case L, Rev C, 20060803

Please refer to the numerical dimensions for accuracy. All information is believed to be accurate, but no responsibility is assumed for errors or omissions. Interpoint reserves the right to make changes in products or specifications without notice.

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FIGURE 9: CASE L

HR INDUSTRIAL (STANDARD, NON-QML) PRODUCTS ENVIRONMENTAL SCREENING

TEST PERFORMED	HR INDUSTRIAL STANDARD NON-QML ¹
Pre-cap Inspection Method 2017, 2032	yes
Final Electrical Test MIL-PRF-38534, Group A Subgroups 1 and 4: +25°C case	yes
Hermeticity Test Gross Leak, Dip (1 x 10 ⁻³)	yes
Final visual inspection Method 2009	yes

Test methods are referenced to MIL-STD-883 as determined by MIL-PRF-38534.

Notes:

1. Standard, non-QML products, do not meet all of the requirements of MIL-PRF-38534.